# Sexual selection in *Drosophila simulans*

Submitted by Manmohan Dev Sharma to the University of Exeter as a thesis for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Biological Sciences in October 2010

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I certify that all material in this thesis which is not my own work has been identified and that no material has previously been submitted and approved for the award of a degree by this or any other University.

Signed:	Manmonan Dev Sharma

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### **Abstract**

Over the last 100 years sexual selection has advanced into a vast field of theoretical and empirical research. While Darwin's idea of female preference being an integral mechanism of sexual selection is no longer debated, our understanding of female preference is still very limited. For example, we know little about the genetic variation in female preference, and the costs of preference over and above the costs of mating with particular male phenotypes. Additionally, while costs of mate choice are well documented, the benefits of mate choice and their implications are still debated. For example, controversy exists over the inevitability of good gene benefits and their capability to promote adaptive sexual selection. Furthermore, the adaptiveness of sexual selection itself is debated. Our understanding of the traits involved in mate choice is also far from complete. Here I investigated aspects of sexual selection in Drosophila simulans, employing a range of behavioural approaches along with artificial selection and environmental manipulations. The findings presented here indicate that female preference can evolve when directly selected on, and that preference itself is not particularly costly. There was also no conclusive evidence for the good genes benefits of mate choice in D. simulans. These benefits are considered crucial in promoting the adaptiveness of sexual selection, and although we found sexual selection to be adaptive under some test conditions it was not adaptive in other conditions. Our investigations into traits involved in mate choice established sexspecific genetic variation in cuticular hydrocarbons and the genetic architecture of this trait was found to sex-specific evolution of cuticular hydrocarbons under natural and sexual selection. Additionally, we found that a secondary sexual character, the sex combs was positively allometric – just like most signalling and weapon traits, and there was no association between trait fluctuating asymmetry and trait size. These findings collectively indicate that sexual selection in D. simulans is consistent with classical models of this process.

## Acknowledgements

I was once told that the road of knowledge is infinitely long, and it is impossible to traverse it without appropriate guidance. Thus first and foremost I offer my sincere gratitude to Professor David Hosken, who has guided me for the past three years, and showed me how to be a scientist. I am indebted to him for nurturing the unrelenting inquisitiveness within me, and for sharing his wealth of knowledge with me. Those of his students who came before me, have often referred to him as the (tor)mentor with benefits (and we are not talking about mate choice benefits) and the evidence collected by me seems to support this view. Equally, my sincere thanks to Professor Tom Tregenza, for providing much needed guidance and support throughout my research. I have no doubt that I have benefited hugely from the knowledge and experience of both of my supervisors and the limitless insightful support they provided.

Thanks also to Dr. John Hunt who not only guided me in the quest for quantitative genetics, but also allowed me to use his most expensive toy – the gas chromatograph and mass spectrometer! My sincere thanks to Professor Nina Wedell, who has not only provided feedback on quite a few problems I encountered in the "fly world", but has also kindly accepted to be the internal examiner of this thesis.

I am further indebted to Michelle L. Taylor, for teaching me all the tricks of the trade when I first started working on *Drosophila*. A huge tub thanks to Jack Hollis, Nicole A. Goodey a.k.a. "Goodey Good", Rob M. Griffin, Connor-Benjamin Parker, Michael Hawkes a.k.a Mikey, Martin Yeo a.k.a "Dr. Yeo" (he does not like to be called Dr. Martin!), Sarah Lane, Leonora Harbord, Lisa Berry, Isabella Burke and Eoin Duffy. It was only because of the help I had from all of you "fly ninjas" that I have been able to

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I did embark on another long journey as well; this one was away from all my family and friends. The scientific part of this journey was made easier with some help from the "good genes" (and no Dave, I don't mean it in the classical sense) passed on to me from my grandparents and parents! Thanks are due to my dearest elder brother Sanjive Shukla, to my dear Amrita and my sister Anuradha. All of you should know that thesis is dedicated to you - my family.

And a bouquet of thanks to Toffee and Softy (you guys know who you are) for being the best antidotes to stress I have ever had. And finally, thanks to all those flies from different species who sacrificed their lives in my quest of science, and to all those who will continue to do so in the future. Thank you all.

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## Author's Declarations

#### **Chapter One: Introduction**

The views presented in this chapter are my own and were developed under the guidance of Prof. David Hosken and Prof. Tom Tregenza.

#### Chapter Two: Female mate preferences in *Drosophila simulans*: evolution and costs

Prof. David Hosken and Prof. Tom Tregenza provided guidance for planning and structure of all experimental procedures and in preparation of the manuscript. I collected the data, conducted the analysis and am first author on the manuscript. Laboratory assistance was provided by Jack Hollis, Rob Griffin, Connor-Benjamin Parker and Martin Yeo.

#### Chapter Three: No good genes in *Drosophila simulans*?

Prof. David Hosken and Prof. Tom Tregenza provided guidance for planning and carrying out experimental procedures and in preparation of the manuscript. I collaborated with Jack Hollis and Rob Griffin to collect the data. I conducted the analysis and am first author on the manuscript.

#### Chapter Four: The genetics of cuticular hydrocarbon profiles in Drosophila simulans

Prof. David Hosken, Prof. Tom Tregenza and Dr. John Hunt provided guidance for planning and structure of all experimental procedures and in preparation of the manuscript. Chris Mitchell provided technical support with gas chromatography and mass spectrometry. I collected and analysed the data, and am first author on the manuscript.

Chapter Five: Antagonistic responses to sexual and natural selection, and sex-specific evolution of *Drosophila simulans* cuticular hydrocarbons

Prof. David Hosken Dr. John Hunt provided guidance for the design and structure of all experimental procedures and in preparation of the manuscript. I collected the data, did the analysis and am first author on the manuscript.

Chapter Six: Role of sexual selection in adaptation to a novel environment: A study with *Drosophila simulans* 

Prof. David Hosken and Prof. Tom Tregenza provided guidance for planning and execution of all experimental procedures and in preparation of the manuscript. I collected the data, conducted the analysis and am first author on the manuscript. Laboratory assistance was provided by Jack Hollis, Rob Griffin, Nicole A. Goodey, Michael Hawkes, Martin Yeo, Kensuke Okada, Mikael Mökkönen, Sarah Lane, Connor-Benjamin Parker and Leonora Harbord.

#### Chapter Seven: Sex combs, allometry and asymmetry in Drosophila

Prof. David Hosken and Prof. Tom Tregenza provided guidance for development and execution of all experimental procedures and in preparation of the manuscript. I did the data collection and analysis and am the first author on the manuscript.

#### Chapter Eight: General discussion: Sexual selection in *Drosophila simulans*

The general discussion, conclusions and future prospects presented in this chapter represent my own interpretation of the data presented in the previous chapters, under the guidance of Prof. David Hosken and Prof. Tom Tregenza.